

Things to know

Pastor is the first variety of red clover which is especially bred for the use in pastures. Pastor combines the prostrate growth habit and the tolerance for grazing of wild clover from Jurassic pastures with the potential yield and the persistence of Swiss Mattenklee type. Even though, Pastor doesn't reach the performance of the best varieties under cutting, the yield of fodder is not considerably less in comparison to conventional Mattenklee.

Under grazing conditions, Pastor is able to maintain a high proportion in the crop.

In comparison to white clover, the proportion of clover in pastures with Pastor is more stable over time.

Descent

Base material

Crossings between wild clover from permanent pastures in Jura and "Mattenklee" breeding material, backcrossings with "Mattenklee" breeding material and selection of single plantes and single plantes

M0 seed

Row trial 2003 (TP0325) with seed harvest on 21 single plant progenies.

Literature

Boller B., Tanner P., Schubiger F.-X., 2012. Pastor: ein neuer, für die Weide geeigneter Rotklee. Agrarforschung Schweiz 3(1), 20-27

Frick R., Jeangros B., Demenga M., Suter D., Hirschi H.-U., 2008. Essais de variétés de trèfle violet. Revue suisse Agric. 40(6), 245-248

Fact Sheet

PASTOR Red Clover (2n)

Trifolium pratense L.

National listing

Situation in Switzerland On the Swiss List of Recommended Varieties of Forage Plants since 2010

Situation abroad

FR (Representative: Semences Vertes)

Agronomic caracteristics

Results of the official Swiss variety trials 2005-2007 (Frick et al. 2008) ("Mattenklee" 2n)

| | PASTOR | Mean |
|---|--------|------|
| Yield | 4.2 | 4.1 |
| Juvenile growth | 3.9 | 3.1 |
| General impression | 3.8 | 3.4 |
| Competing ability | 4.4 | 4.3 |
| Persistence | 4.2 | 4.3 |
| Resistance to winter conditions | 3.6 | 3.4 |
| Resistance to Stemphylium Leafspots | 2.4 | 2.5 |
| Resistance to black blotch and powdery mildew | 1.7 | 2.2 |
| Resistance to Anthracnose | 1.2 | 1.8 |
| Index (weighted average of all notes) | 3.3 | 3.3 |

| Scoring scale | 1 = very good; 5 = medium; 9 = very poor |
|---------------|---|
| Yield | Mean of 5 experimental sites over 2 years |
| Mean | Mean value of standard varieties |

Description according to UPOV gidelines

| DUS test of | conducted at Scharnhorst, BSA (DE), 2008-2 | 010 | |
|-------------|---|---------------------|------|
| UPOV No | Characteristics | State of expression | Note |
| 2 | Ploidy | | 2 |
| 5 | Plant: natural height in the year of sowing | medium | 5 |
| 6 | Leaf: color in the year of sowing | medium green | 5 |
| 7 | Plant: growth habit | semi-prostrate | 7 |
| 9 | Plant: natural height in spring | medium | 5 |
| 10 | Leaf: intensity of green color | medium | 5 |
| 11 | Time of flowering | early | 3 |
| 12 | Stem: length | short to medium | 4 |
| 14 | Stem: number of internodes | low to medium | 4 |
| 16 | Leaf: shape of medial leaflet | ovate | 2 |

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